About the Book

When people look at George, they think they see a boy, but George knows she’s not a boy. She knows she’s a girl. George thinks she’ll have to keep this a secret forever. Then her teacher announces that their class play is going to be Charlotte’s Web. George really wants to play Charlotte but the teacher says she can’t even try out because she’s a boy. With the help of her best friend, George comes up with a plan. Not just so she can be Charlotte—but so everyone can know who she is.

[Note: Throughout the book, George is referred to using female pronouns such as she, her, etc. In discussion questions about the book, female pronouns are used in reference to George because she identifies as a girl. In your conversations about the book, it is important to use female pronouns when talking about George and explain why you are doing so.]
Conversation Starters

Whether you read the book aloud or children read it on their own and you discuss it later, use these open-ended questions to deepen the conversation. Remember not to judge their responses and to listen thoughtfully and engage in a give-and-take that helps them expand upon their understanding of the book and its themes.

- What is the book about?
- What is George like as a person? Did she change throughout the book and if so, how?
- What do you think it was like for George knowing she is a girl but not being able to tell anyone? Did you ever have something you couldn’t share with anyone?
- Why do you think it was so important to George that she play the role of Charlotte in Charlotte’s Web?
- Who was an ally to George in this story and how did they act as an ally?
- Before reading the book, what did you know about being transgender and what did you learn?
- How do you think George felt as she played the part of Charlotte in the play?
- How did you feel when you read about the fight between George and Jeff? Has anything like that ever happened at your school?
- Why do you think it was so difficult for George to tell his Mom that she is a girl?
- How did you feel when the book ended? What do you think might happen next?

Talking Points

Below are some important considerations to highlight in order to make this a learning opportunity for your child and your family.

1. Transgender Identity

Ask your child if they know what the word transgender means. Define transgender as a term for people whose gender identity differs from how they were assigned at birth (e.g., assigned boy or girl). Also, because the book mentions the word “transition,” explain that transition refers to the time period when a person begins living as the gender with which they identify rather than the gender they were assigned at birth. For some young people, this is not difficult to understand and for others, it may take some getting used to. Talk with your child about people you know who identify as transgender, either real people in your lives or celebrities and TV/movie characters. Allow them to ask questions and if you don’t know the answers, tell them you will find out or discover the answers together. Model and emphasize the importance of being empathic to transgender people and their challenges and consider ways to support them, especially in school. Creating a home environment where children/teens feel comfortable asking questions and wanting to learn more is very important. You may want to read an article together or watch the video Becoming Me (In the Life Media) in which eight families with transgender and gender non-conforming children (ages 5–25) share their stories. You can also clarify and discuss vocabulary using Terminology Related to Transgender and Gender Non-Conforming Identity.
2. **Identity-Based Bullying**

   Ask your child why some of the students in George’s class teased and bullied her. Elicit that they teased her because of their bias about her gender identity. Explain that there is a lot of name-calling, teasing and bullying of George because of people’s prejudice or bias about her gender identity. Talk about what identity is and some of the categories for one’s identity including race, religion, sexual orientation, gender, gender identity, ethnicity, etc. Explain that identity-based bullying is bullying based on the bias or prejudice someone has about a person’s identity or perceived identity. Ask about and discuss how that happened in the book, particularly with the way Jeff and Rick treated George. Ask your child if they have seen any identity-based bullying happening at school, in the neighborhood or online and whether it gets addressed and if so, how. Stress the role of the bystander in these situations and how we can be an ally (see below); talk about how several characters in the book moved from being a bystander to being an ally to George.

3. **Being an Ally**

   There are many instances in the book where someone acts as an ally to George. For example, George’s best friend Kelly works out a plan which enables George to play Charlotte as a way to help her mother see George as a girl. Ms. Maldonado, the school principal, says something supportive to George and George’s Mom about who George is. With your child, define **ally** as someone who helps or stands up for someone who is being bullied or the target of prejudice. Ask your child about other instances in the book where someone was an ally. Emphasize that a person can **be an ally** in a number of different ways including: supporting the target, telling a trusted adult, not participating in the bullying, confronting the aggressor, etc. Ask if they have seen anyone act as an ally in their school or if they have ever been an ally to someone who was the target of bias or bullying. Make sure your child knows that they should think through what their goals are in being an ally, to be safe and to ask for the help and support they may need. Model being an ally by showing your children the ways in which you engage in ally behavior and potentially do something together.

**Other Books You May Like**

*10,000 Dresses* by Marcus Ewret, [www.adl.org/education-outreach/books-matter/books/10000-dresses.html](http://www.adl.org/education-outreach/books-matter/books/10000-dresses.html)


**ADL Additional Resources**

The following are curriculum and resources on “transgender identity, gender norms and bullying.”

**Curriculum Resources**


Websites

Be An Ally: Six Simple Ways
www.adl.org/education-outreach/anti-bias-education

Some simple things a student can do to be an ally to targets of name-calling and bullying.

Bullying and Cyberbullying Prevention Strategies and Resources
www.adl.org/education-outreach/anti-bias-education

Provides a collection of ADL resources on bullying and cyberbullying for educators, administrators, students and families and caregivers.

Discussing Transgender and Gender Non-Conforming Identity and Issues

This site includes suggestions and resources for K-12 teachers on how to bias, prejudice and bullying related to transgender and gender non-conforming issues and identity.

Terminology Related to Transgender and Gender Non-Conforming Identity

Definitions for terms related to transgender and gender non-conforming issues and identity.

Glossary of Education Terms

A glossary of anti-bias education terms often associated with and provide a common, working language for ADL’s anti-bias programs and resources.

Parent, Family and Caregiver Resources

Strategies, tips, guiding principles and resources to help parents, family members and caregivers impart values and principles to the children in their lives.

Table Talk: Caitlyn Jenner and Being Transgender

Provides strategies and advice for talking with young people about transgender.