CALENDAR OF OBSERVANCES

2014

The increasingly pluralistic population of the United States creates diverse communities, student bodies and employees. To enhance mutual understanding and respect among the various religious, ethnic and cultural groups, the Anti-Defamation League offers this Calendar of Observances as a tool to increase awareness and sensitivity about religious obligations as well as ethnic and cultural festivities that may affect students, colleagues and neighbors.

RELIGIOUS OBSERVATIONS

The multi-faith calendar includes significant religious observances of the major faiths represented in the United States. Thus, it can be used as a resource when planning school exam timetables and school activities, or when scheduling workplace festivities and community events. Note that Bahá’í, Jewish and Islamic holidays begin at sundown the previous day and end at sundown on the date listed.

NATIONAL AND INTERNATIONAL HOLIDAYS

The calendar notes U.S. holidays that are either legal holidays or observed in various states and communities throughout the country. Important national and international observances that may be commemorated in the U.S. are also included.

CALENDAR SYSTEM

The dates of secular holidays are based on the Gregorian calendar, which is commonly used for civil dating purposes. Many religions and cultures follow various traditional calendar systems that are often based on the phases of the moon with occasional adjustments for the solar cycle. Therefore, specific Gregorian calendar dates for these observances will differ from year to year. In addition, calculation of specific dates may vary by geographical location and according to different sects within a given religion.

[NOTE: Observances highlighted in yellow indicate that the dates are tentative or not yet set by the organizations who coordinate them.]
# JANUARY 2014

| January 1  | Wednesday  | NEW YEAR’S DAY  
The first day of the year in the Gregorian calendar, commonly used for civil dating purposes. |
| January 1  | Wednesday  | TEMPLE DAY  •  Buddhist  
Many Buddhists of all traditions pay their respects and pray for good fortune for the new year at the temple. |
| January 6  | Monday     | EPIPHANY  •  Christian  
Known as Theophany in Eastern Christianity, it celebrates the manifestation of Jesus as Christ. In addition, the Western Church associates Epiphany with the journey of the Magi to the infant Jesus, and the Eastern Church with the baptism of Jesus by John. |
| January 6  | Monday     | CHRISTMAS  •  Armenien Orthodox Christian  
Armenian Christians celebrate the birth of Jesus on Epiphany, except for Armenians living in Israel, who celebrate Christmas on January 19th. |
| January 7  | Tuesday    | CHRISTMAS  •  Eastern Christian  
Most Orthodox churches celebrate Christmas 13 days later than other Christian churches based on their use of the Julian rather than the Gregorian version of the Western calendar. |
| January 13 | Monday     | MILAD AL-NABI  •  Islamic  
Celebrates the birthday of the Prophet Muhammad, founder of Islam. Shi’a Muslims celebrate it five days later than Sunni Muslims. |
| January 14 | Tuesday    | MAKAR SANKRANTI  •  Hindu  
Seasonal celebration recognizing the increasing length of days. |
| January 16 | Thursday   | TU B’SHVAT  •  Jewish  
New Year’s Day for Trees, and traditionally the first of the year for tithing fruit of trees. Now a day for environmental awareness and action, such as tree planting. |
| January 16 | Thursday   | MAHAYANA NEW YEAR  •  Buddhist  
In Mahayana countries the New Year starts on the first full moon day in January. |
| January 19 | Sunday     | WORLD RELIGION DAY  •  Bahá’í  
Observance to proclaim the oneness of religion and the belief that world religion will unify the peoples of the earth. |
| January 20 | Monday     | DR. MARTIN LUTHER KING JR.’S BIRTHDAY  
The birthday of civil rights activist Dr. Martin Luther King Jr. is celebrated on the third Monday in January. |
| January 27 | Monday     | UN HOLOCAUST MEMORIAL DAY  
Annual International Day of Commemoration in memory of the victims of the Holocaust coinciding with the anniversary of the liberation of the Auschwitz death camp in 1945. |
| January 31 | Tuesday    | LUNAR NEW YEAR  
On this day Chinese, Korean and Vietnamese New Year are celebrated. |

**NO NAME-CALLING WEEK**  
Annual week of educational activities aimed at ending name-calling and bullying of all kinds.
FEBRUARY 2014

February     Full Month     BLACK HISTORY MONTH
Celebrates Black History and African American culture in the United States.

February 1     Saturday     NATIONAL FREEDOM DAY
Commemorates the signing of the 13th Amendment, which abolished slavery in 1865.

February 14    Friday      VALENTINE’S DAY
Celebrates the idea of romantic love.

February 14    Friday      RACE RELATIONS DAY
The National Council of Churches in recognition of the importance of interracial
relations and learning.

February 15    Saturday    SUSAN B. ANTHONY DAY
Birthday of Susan B. Anthony (1820–1906), a pioneer in the Women’s Rights
Movement.

February 15    Saturday    NIRVANA DAY • Buddhist
Celebrates the day when the historical Buddha achieved Parinirvana, or complete
Nirvana, upon the death of his physical body. Sometimes celebrated on February 8.

February 17    Monday      PRESIDENTS’ DAY
Honors all past presidents of the United States of America.

February 26–March 1    Wednesday–Saturday    AYYÁM-I-HA OR INTERCALARY DAYS • Bahá’í
The Ayyám-i-ha, or “Days of Ha” are devoted to spiritual preparation for the fast,
celebrating, hospitality, charity and gift giving. They are celebrated the four days, five
in leap year, before the last month of the Bahá’í year.

February 28    Friday      MAHA SHIVARATRI • Hindu
Also called Shiva Ratri, it is the Great Festival of Shiva.
## MARCH 2014

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Day</th>
<th>Event</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>March</td>
<td>Full Month</td>
<td><strong>NATIONAL WOMEN’S HISTORY MONTH</strong></td>
<td>Honors women as significant agents of historical change.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>March 2–March 20</td>
<td>Sunday–Thursday</td>
<td><strong>NINETEEN-DAY FAST • Bahá’í</strong></td>
<td>Baha’is between 15 and 70 years of age do not eat or drink from sunrise to sunset and set aside time for prayer and meditation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>March 3</td>
<td>Monday</td>
<td><strong>CLEAN MONDAY • Eastern Christian</strong></td>
<td>The beginning of Great Lent for Eastern Christian churches, which starts 40 days before Orthodox Easter (Pascha), counting Sundays.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>March 4</td>
<td>Tuesday</td>
<td><strong>SHROVE TUESDAY • Western Christian</strong></td>
<td>A day of penitence as well as the last chance to feast before Lent begins. Also known as Mardi Gras.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>March 5</td>
<td>Wednesday</td>
<td><strong>ASH WEDNESDAY • Western Christian</strong></td>
<td>The first day of Lent for Western Christian churches, a 40-day period of spiritual preparation for Easter, not counting Sundays.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>March 8</td>
<td>Saturday</td>
<td><strong>INTERNATIONAL WOMEN’S DAY</strong></td>
<td>Celebration of the economic, political and social achievements of women worldwide.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>March 16</td>
<td>Sunday</td>
<td><strong>MAGHA PUJA • Buddhist</strong></td>
<td>Also known as Sangha Day, it commemorates the spontaneous assembly of 1,250 arahants, completely enlightened monks, in the historical Buddha’s presence.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>March 16</td>
<td>Sunday</td>
<td><strong>PURIM • Jewish</strong></td>
<td>The “Feast of Lots” marks the salvation of the Jews of ancient Persia from extermination.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>March 17</td>
<td>Monday</td>
<td><strong>HOLI • Hindu</strong></td>
<td>Also called Holaka or Phagwa, this festival celebrates spring and commemorates various events in Hindu mythology.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>March 17</td>
<td>Monday</td>
<td><strong>ST. PATRICK’S DAY • Christian</strong></td>
<td>Feast day of the patron saint of Ireland. In the U.S., a secular version is celebrated by people of all faiths through appreciation of all things Irish.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>March 20</td>
<td>Thursday</td>
<td><strong>VERNAL EQUINOX</strong></td>
<td>The date when night and day are nearly the same length. It marks the first day of the season of spring.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>March 21</td>
<td>Friday</td>
<td><strong>INTERNATIONAL DAY FOR THE ELIMINATION OF RACIAL DISCRIMINATION</strong></td>
<td>Call to action to eliminate all forms of racial discrimination worldwide.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>March 21</td>
<td>Friday</td>
<td><strong>NOWRÚZ • Zoroastrian</strong></td>
<td>A traditional ancient Iranian festival celebrating the first day of Spring and the Iranian New Year. Also celebrated as New Year’s Day in Baha’i tradition (Naw-Ruz).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>March 31</td>
<td>Monday</td>
<td><strong>CESAR CHAVEZ DAY</strong></td>
<td>Honors Mexican American farm worker, labor leader and activist Cesar Chavez (1927–1993) who was a nationally respected voice for social justice.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
APRIL 2014

April 8  Tuesday  RAMA NAVAMI • Hindu
Celebrates the birthday of Rama, king of ancient India, hero of the epic Ramayana, and seventh incarnation of Vishnu.

April 13  Sunday  PALM SUNDAY • Christian
Observed the Sunday before Easter/Pascha to commemorate the entry of Jesus into Jerusalem.

April 15–21 Tuesday–Monday  PASSOVER/PESACH • Jewish
The eight-day “Feast of Unleavened Bread” celebrates Israel’s deliverance from Egyptian bondage.

April 17  Thursday  HOLY THURSDAY • Christian
Also known as Maundy Thursday, it is celebrated on the Thursday before Easter commemorating the Last Supper, at which Jesus and the Apostles were together for the last time before the Crucifixion.

April 18  Friday  GOOD FRIDAY • Christian
Known as Holy Friday in Eastern Christianity, it commemorates the Crucifixion of Jesus on the Friday before Easter/Pascha.

April 20  Sunday  EASTER • Christian
Known as Pascha in Eastern Christianity, it celebrates the resurrection of Jesus.

April 21–May 2 Monday–Friday  FESTIVAL OF RIDVÁN • Bahá’í
Annual festival commemorating the 12 days when Bahá’u’lláh, the prophet-founder of the Bahá’í Faith, resided in a garden called Ridván (Paradise) and publicly proclaimed His mission as God’s messenger for this age. The first (April 21), ninth (April 29), and twelfth (May 2) days are celebrated as holy days when Baha’is suspend work.

April 24  Thursday  ARMENIAN MARTYRS’ DAY
Memorializes the extermination of some 1.5 million Armenians between 1915 and 1923 in Turkey.

April 27  Sunday  YOM HASHOAH • Jewish
“Holocaust Remembrance Day” memorializes the heroic martyrdom of six million Jews who perished in the Nazi Holocaust.

DAY OF SILENCE
Students take a day-long vow of silence to protest the actual silencing of lesbian, gay, bisexual and transgender (LGBT) students and their straight allies due to bias and harassment.
### MAY 2014

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Day</th>
<th>Event</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| May   | Full Month | **ASIAN PACIFIC AMERICAN HERITAGE MONTH**
Recognizes the contributions and celebrates the culture of Asians and Pacific Islanders in the United States. |
| May 3 | Saturday | **WORLD PRESS FREEDOM DAY**
Serves as an occasion to inform the public of violations of the right to freedom of expression and as a reminder that many journalists brave death or jail to bring people their daily news. |
| May 5 | Monday   | **CINCO DE MAYO**
In 1862 Mexican forces defeated French occupational forces in the Battle of Puebla. |
| May 6 | Tuesday  | **INTERNATIONAL WORKER’S DAY**
Also known as *May Day*, it celebrates the social and economic achievements of workers worldwide. The day commemorates the Haymarket Riot of 1886 in Chicago, in which police and protesters clashed following a workers’ strike for an eight-hour work day. |
| May 11| Sunday   | **MOTHER’S DAY**
Children of all ages show appreciation for their mothers. |
| May 14| Wednesday| **BUDDHA DAY • Buddhist**
Also known as *Vesak or Visakha Puja*, it marks the occasion of the birth, spiritual awakening and death of the historical Buddha. |
| May 15| Thursday  | **THERAVADA NEW YEAR • Buddhist**
In Theravada countries the New Year is celebrated on the first full moon day in April. |
| May 18| Sunday   | **LAG B’OMER • Jewish**
Celebrates the end of a divine-sent plague and/or Roman occupation during Rabbi Akiva’s lifetime (died c. 135 CE). |
| May 21| Wednesday| **WORLD DAY FOR CULTURAL DIVERSITY FOR DIALOGUE AND DEVELOPMENT**
Recognizes cultural diversity as a source of innovation, exchange and creativity, as well as the obligation to create a more peaceful and equitable society based on mutual respect. |
| May 23| Friday   | **DECLARATION OF THE BAB • Bahá’í**
Commemoration of May 23, 1844, when the Báb, the prophet-herald of the Bahá’í Faith, announced in Shíráz, Persia, that he was the herald of a new messenger of God. |
| May 26| Monday   | **MEMORIAL DAY**
Initiated originally to honor the dead of the Civil War, this observance now pays homage to the dead of all U.S. wars. |
| May 29| Thursday  | **ASCENSION OF BAHÁ’U’LLÁH • Bahá’í**
Observance of the anniversary of the death in exile of Bahá’u’lláh, the prophet-founder of the Bahá’í Faith. |
| May 29| Thursday  | **ASCENSION DAY • Christian**
Celebrated 40 days after Easter/Pascha, it commemorates the ascension of Jesus into Heaven. |
## JUNE 2014

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Day(s)</th>
<th>Event</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>June</td>
<td>Full Month</td>
<td><strong>LGBT PRIDE MONTH</strong></td>
<td>Commemorates the anniversary of the June 28, 1969 Stonewall riot in New York City, the incident that initiated the modern gay rights movement in the United States. LGBT (lesbian, gay, bisexual and transgender) Pride Day is the last Sunday in June.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>June 4–5</td>
<td>Wednesday–Thursday</td>
<td><strong>SHAVUOT • Jewish</strong></td>
<td>The “Feast of Weeks” celebrates the covenant established at Sinai between God and Israel, and the revelation of the Ten Commandments.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>June 8</td>
<td>Sunday</td>
<td><strong>PENTECOST • Christian</strong></td>
<td>Also known as Whitsunday, the seventh Sunday after Easter/Pascha commemorates the descent of the Holy Spirit upon the Apostles and women followers of Jesus. Marks the birth of the Christian Church.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>June 8</td>
<td>Sunday</td>
<td><strong>Race Unity Day • Bahá’í</strong></td>
<td>Observance promoting racial harmony and understanding and the essential unity of humanity.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>June 12</td>
<td>Thursday</td>
<td><strong>ANNE FRANK DAY</strong></td>
<td>Birthday of young Jewish girl whose diary describes her family’s experiences hiding from the Nazis through assistance of gentile friends.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>June 12</td>
<td>Thursday</td>
<td><strong>LOVING DAY</strong></td>
<td>Observes the anniversary of the 1967 United States Supreme Court decision Loving v. Virginia which struck down the miscegenation laws remaining in 16 states barring interracial marriage.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>June 14</td>
<td>Saturday</td>
<td><strong>FLAG DAY</strong></td>
<td>Anniversary of the adoption of the Unites States flag by Congress in 1777.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>June 14</td>
<td>Saturday</td>
<td><strong>NISF SHABAAN • Islamic</strong></td>
<td>“Night of Repentance” in preparation for the fast of Ramadan. Fixed as the 15th day or middle (nisf) of the eighth month of Shabaan in the Islamic calendar.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>June 15</td>
<td>Sunday</td>
<td><strong>FATHER’S DAY</strong></td>
<td>Children of all ages show appreciation for their fathers.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>June 15</td>
<td>Sunday</td>
<td><strong>ALL SAINTS DAY • Eastern Christian</strong></td>
<td>In Orthodox churches observed on the first Sunday after Pentecost, it commemorates all known and unknown Christian saints.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>June 19</td>
<td>Thursday</td>
<td><strong>JUNETEENTH</strong></td>
<td>Originally commemorating the announcement of the abolition of slavery in Texas in 1865, it is now celebrated throughout the U.S. to honor African-American freedom and achievement.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>June 20</td>
<td>Friday</td>
<td><strong>WORLD REFUGEE DAY</strong></td>
<td>Raises awareness about the plight of refugees and displaced persons.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>June 21</td>
<td>Saturday</td>
<td><strong>SUMMER SOLSTICE</strong></td>
<td>In the northern hemisphere, the longest day of the year. It marks the first day of the season of summer.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>June 28–July 27</td>
<td>Saturday–Sunday</td>
<td><strong>RAMADAN • Islamic</strong></td>
<td>A month of strict fasting from dawn until dusk in honor of the first revelations of the Qur’an to the Prophet Muhammad.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
JULY 2014

July 4       Friday  INDEPENDENCE DAY
Anniversary of the United States Declaration of Independence in 1776.

July 9       Wednesday  MARTYRDOM OF THE BĀB • Bahá’í
Observance of the anniversary of the execution by a firing squad in Tabríz, Persia, of
the 30-year-old Siyyid ‘Alí-Muhammad, the Báb, the prophet-herald of the Bahá’í Faith.

July 13      Sunday  DHARMA DAY • Buddhist
Also known as Asala Puja, it commemorates the historical Buddha’s first discourse
following his spiritual awakening.

July 24      Thursday  LAILA AL-QADR • Islamic
“The Night of Power” marks the night in which God first revealed the Qur’an to the
Prophet Muhammad. Often fixed as the 27th day of the Islamic month of Ramadan,
Sunnis may also observe it on the 21st, 23rd, 25th or 29th. Shi’ites observe it on the
19th, 21st or 23rd of Ramadan.

July 26      Saturday  ADA (AMERICANS WITH DISABILITIES ACT) DAY
Commemorates the 1990 signing of the Americans with Disabilities Act, which
guarantees equal opportunity for people with disabilities.

July 28      Monday  EID AL-FITR • Islamic
The “Feast of the Breaking of the Fast” marks the end of Ramadan, the holy month of
fasting from dawn until dusk.
AUGUST 2014

August 5  Tuesday  TISHA B‘AV  •  Jewish
Mourning of the destruction of the First and Second Temples in Jerusalem in 586 BCE and 70 CE.

August 9  Saturday  INTERNATIONAL DAY OF THE WORLD’S INDIGENOUS PEOPLES
Celebrates the richness of indigenous cultures and recognizes the challenges indigenous peoples face today, ranging from poverty and disease to dispossession, discrimination and denial of basic human rights.

August 10  Sunday  RAKSHA BANDHAN  •  Hindu
Also called Rakhi, this festival celebrates the protective relationship between brothers and their sisters.

August 10  Sunday  ULAMBANA  •  Buddhist
Buddhist Ghost Festival. The unsettled spirits of dead ancestors are calmed with chanting and offerings to enable them to pass peacefully into the next world.

August 12  Tuesday  INTERNATIONAL YOUTH DAY
Celebrates young people and the integral role they play in helping to create a world fit for children.

August 15  Friday  OBON  •  Buddhist
Also known as Bon, the Japanese Buddhist festival honors the spirits of past ancestors.

August 17  Sunday  KRISHNA JAYANTI  •  Hindu
Celebrates Krishna’s birthday, Vishnu’s eighth incarnation on earth.

August 23  Saturday  INTERNATIONAL DAY FOR THE REMEMBRANCE OF THE SLAVE TRADE AND ITS ABOLITION
Memorializes the tragedy of the transatlantic slave trade, coinciding with the anniversary of the uprising in Santo Domingo (today Haiti and the Dominican Republic) that initiated its abolition.

August 29  Friday  GANESH CHATURTHI  •  Hindu
Celebrates the birthday of Ganesha, the elephant-deity.
## SEPTEMBER 2014

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</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>September 1</td>
<td>Monday</td>
<td>LABOR DAY</td>
<td>Celebrated the first Monday in September in recognition of U.S. workers.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>September 8</td>
<td>Monday</td>
<td>INTERNATIONAL LITERACY DAY</td>
<td>Call to action for universal literacy.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>September 15–16</td>
<td>Full</td>
<td>NATIONAL HISPANIC HERITAGE MONTH</td>
<td>Celebrates the contributions, heritage and culture of Hispanic and Latino Americans.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>September 17</td>
<td>Wednesday</td>
<td>CONSTITUTION DAY AND CITIZENSHIP DAY</td>
<td>Commemorates the ratification of the United States Constitution in 1787. Also honors all who have become U.S. citizens.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>September 23</td>
<td>Tuesday</td>
<td>AUTUMNAL EQUINOX</td>
<td>The date when night and day are nearly of the same length. It marks the first day of fall.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>September 25–26</td>
<td>Thursday–Friday</td>
<td>ROSH HASHANAH • Jewish</td>
<td>Beginning of the Jewish New Year and first of the High Holy Days, which marks the beginning of a ten-day period of penitence and spiritual renewal.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>September 29</td>
<td>Sunday</td>
<td>NAVARATRI • Hindu</td>
<td>Nine-day festival celebrating the triumph of good over evil. It worships God in the form of the universal mother commonly referred to as Durga, Devi or Shakti, and marks the start of fall.</td>
</tr>
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</table>
### OCTOBER 2014

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<tr>
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<th>Day</th>
<th>Event</th>
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</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>October</td>
<td>Full</td>
<td>LGBT HISTORY MONTH</td>
<td>Marks and celebrates the lives and achievements of lesbian, gay bisexual and transgender people in the United States.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>October</td>
<td>Full</td>
<td>NATIONAL DISABILITY EMPLOYMENT AWARENESS MONTH</td>
<td>Recognizes the contributions of workers with disabilities.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>October 4</td>
<td>Saturday</td>
<td>YOM KIPPUR • Jewish</td>
<td>The “Day of Atonement” marks the end of the Ten Days of Penitence that begin with Rosh Hashanah.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>October 4</td>
<td>Saturday</td>
<td>DASSERA • Hindu</td>
<td>Anniversary of the day when Rama killed the evil demon Ravana. Also known as Durga Puja, which celebrates the goddess Durga.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>October 5</td>
<td>Sunday</td>
<td>EID AL-ADHA • Islamic</td>
<td>The “Feast of Sacrifice” concludes the Hajj (pilgrimage to Mecca), and is a three-day festival recalling Ibrahim’s willingness to sacrifice his son in obedience to God.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>October 9–15</td>
<td>Thursday–Wednesday</td>
<td>SUKKOT • Jewish</td>
<td>The week-long “Feast of Booths” commemorates the 40-year wandering of the Israelites in the desert on the way to the Promised Land.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>October 11</td>
<td>Tuesday</td>
<td>COMING OUT DAY</td>
<td>Encourages honesty and openness about being lesbian, gay, bisexual or transgender. Commemorates October 11, 1987, when 500,000 people marched on Washington, DC, for gay and lesbian equality.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>October 13</td>
<td>Monday</td>
<td>COLUMBUS DAY</td>
<td>Marks Christopher Columbus’s landing at San Salvador on October 12, 1492. Known as Día de la Raza, “Day of the Race”, in Spanish-speaking countries and communities.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>October 14</td>
<td>Tuesday</td>
<td>NATIVE AMERICAN DAY</td>
<td>Celebrates Native American history and culture.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>October 16</td>
<td>Thursday</td>
<td>SHEMINI ATZERET • Jewish</td>
<td>“The Eighth (Day) of Assembly” is observed on the day immediately following Sukkot.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>October 17</td>
<td>Friday</td>
<td>INTERNATIONAL DAY FOR THE ERADICATION OF POVERTY</td>
<td>Call to action for the eradication of poverty and destitution worldwide.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>October 17</td>
<td>Friday</td>
<td>SIMCHAT TORAH • Jewish</td>
<td>“Rejoicing in the Torah” celebrates the conclusion of the public reading of the Pentateuch and its beginning anew.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>October 23</td>
<td>Thursday</td>
<td>DIWALI • Hindu</td>
<td>Also called Deepavali; “Festival of Lights”, it celebrates the victory of good over evil, light over darkness, and knowledge over ignorance.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>October 24</td>
<td>Friday</td>
<td>UNITED NATIONS DAY</td>
<td>Commemorates the founding of the world organization in 1945.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
October 25  Saturday  MUHARRAM • Islamic
The month of Muharram marks the beginning of the Islamic liturgical year. The first day of the month, al-Hijra, remembers the migration of Muhammad and his followers from Mecca to Medina in 622 CE. It also marks the beginning of the ten-day Shi’ite Remembrance of Muharram, a period of intense grief and mourning of the martyrdom of Hussein, the son of Ali and grandson of Muhammad.

October 31  Friday  REFORMATION DAY • Christian
Commemorates the beginning of the Protestant Reformation in 1517.

October 31  Friday  HALLOWEEN
The eve of All Saints’ Day.
NOVEMBER 2014

November Full Month NATIONAL AMERICAN INDIAN HERITAGE MONTH Celebrates and honors the history and culture of Native Americans in the United States.

November 1 Saturday ALL SAINTS’ DAY • Western Christian Commemorates all known and unknown Christian saints. Eastern Christianity observes it on the first Sunday after Pentecost.

November 2 Sunday ALL SOULS’ DAY • Christian Commemoration of all faithful Christians who are now dead. In Mexican tradition it is celebrated as Dia de los Muertos between October 31 and November 2, and is an occasion to remember dead ancestors and celebrate the continuity of life.

November 3 Monday ASHURA • Islamic A day of fasting observed on the 10th day of the month of Muharram to celebrate Moses’ exodus from Egypt. For Shi’a Muslims, it also marks the climax of the ten-day Remembrance of Muharram, which mourns the martyrdom of Hussein at the Battle of Kerbala in 680 CE.

November 4 Tuesday ELECTION DAY A day set by U.S. law for the election of public officials.

November 9 Sunday KRISTALLNACHT Commemorates the 1938 pogrom against Jews throughout Germany and Vienna.

November 11 Tuesday VETERANS’ DAY Honors the U. S. Armed Services and commemorates the war dead.

November 12 Wednesday BIRTH OF BAHÁ’U’LLÁH • Bahá’í Observance of the anniversary of the birth in 1817 of Bahá’u’lláh, prophet-founder of the Bahá’í Faith, in Núr, Persia.

November 16 Sunday INTERNATIONAL DAY FOR TOLERANCE Emphasizes the dangers of intolerance and is a call to action for the advancement of human welfare, freedom and progress everywhere, as well as a day to encourage tolerance, respect, dialogue and cooperation among different cultures and peoples.

November 17–23 Monday–Sunday AMERICAN EDUCATION WEEK Celebrates public education and honors individuals who are making a difference in ensuring every child in the U. S. receives a quality education.

November 26 Wednesday DAY OF THE COVENANT • Bahá’í Day of the Covenant is a festival observed to commemorate Bahá’u’lláh’s appointment of His son, Abdu’l-Baha, as His successor.

November 27 Thursday THANKSGIVING DAY Following a 19th century tradition, it commemorates the Pilgrims’ harvest feast in the autumn of 1621.

November 30 Sunday ADVENT • Christian Advent is a season of spiritual preparation in observance of the birth of Jesus. In Western Christianity, it starts on the fourth Sunday before Christmas. In Eastern Christianity, the season is longer and begins in the middle of November.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Day</th>
<th>Event</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>December 1</td>
<td>Monday</td>
<td><strong>WORLD AIDS DAY</strong></td>
<td>International day of action on HIV and AIDS.</td>
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<tr>
<td>December 3</td>
<td>Wednesday</td>
<td><strong>INTERNATIONAL DAY OF DISABLED PERSONS</strong></td>
<td>Raises awareness about persons with disabilities in order to improve their lives and provide them with equal opportunity.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>December 8</td>
<td>Monday</td>
<td><strong>BODHI DAY • Buddhist</strong></td>
<td>Also known as <em>Rohatsu</em>, it observes the spiritual awakening (bodhi) of founder Siddharta Gautama, the Buddha, ca. 596 BCE. Celebrated on the eighth day either of December or the 12th month of the lunar calendar.</td>
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<tr>
<td>December 10</td>
<td>Wednesday</td>
<td><strong>HUMAN RIGHTS DAY</strong></td>
<td>On this day in 1948 the United Nations General Assembly adopted the Universal Declaration of Human Rights.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>December 12</td>
<td>Friday</td>
<td><strong>OUR LADY OF GUADALUPE • Christian</strong></td>
<td>Celebrates the apparition of the Blessed Virgin Mary (by her title, Our Lady of Guadalupe, the Patroness of Mexico and the Americas) before Juan Diego, an indigenous convert to Roman Catholicism, on the Mexican hill of Tepeyac in 1531.</td>
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<tr>
<td>December 15</td>
<td>Monday</td>
<td><strong>BILL OF RIGHTS DAY</strong></td>
<td>Commemorates the signing into law of the ten original amendments of the United States Constitution in 1791.</td>
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<tr>
<td>December 17–24</td>
<td>Wednesday–Wednesday</td>
<td><strong>CHANUKAH • Jewish</strong></td>
<td>Eight-day “Festival of Lights”, celebrating the rededication of the Temple to the service of God in 164 BCE. Commemorates the victory of the Maccabees over the Greek King, Antiochus, who sought to suppress freedom of worship.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>December 21</td>
<td>Sunday</td>
<td><strong>WINTER SOLSTICE</strong></td>
<td>In the northern hemisphere, the shortest day of the year. It marks the first day of the season of winter.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>December 25</td>
<td>Thursday</td>
<td><strong>CHRISTMAS • Western Christian</strong></td>
<td>Commemorates the birth of Jesus.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>December 29</td>
<td>Monday</td>
<td><strong>WOUNDED KNEE DAY</strong></td>
<td>On December 29, 1890 more than 200 Lakota Sioux were massacred by U.S. troops at Wounded Knee in South Dakota.</td>
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</tbody>
</table>